Supplementary Material

Article title: Homogenization of the long instrumental daily temperature series in Padua, Italy (1725-2023)

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Table S1. Transfer functions from *PD_AM* of the period 1 Jan 1980 – 31 Dec 2022 to *PD_OB* for minimum temperature.

| 1980-2022 | PD_AM (1 Jan 1980 – 31 Dec 2022) to PD_OB | |
|-----------|---|----------------|
| Month | Tmin (°C) | \mathbf{r}^2 |
| January | $Y = 0.9177 \cdot X + 1.20$ | 0.957 |
| February | $Y = 0.9240 \cdot X + 1.38$ | 0.959 |
| March | $Y = 0.9242 \cdot X + 1.52$ | 0.956 |
| April | $Y = 0.9491 \cdot X + 1.33$ | 0.960 |
| May | $Y = 0.9696 \cdot X + 1.00$ | 0.962 |
| June | $Y = 0.9935 \cdot X + 0.60$ | 0.964 |
| July | $Y = 0.9848 \cdot X + 0.87$ | 0.953 |
| August | $Y = 0.9777 \cdot X + 1.05$ | 0.960 |
| September | $Y = 0.9333 \cdot X + 1.70$ | 0.960 |
| October | $Y = 0.9225 \cdot X + 1.51$ | 0.975 |
| November | $Y = 0.9172 \cdot X + 1.35$ | 0.975 |
| December | $Y = 0.9197 \cdot X + 1.19$ | 0.964 |

Table S2. Transfer functions from *PD_AM* of the period 1 Jan 1980 – 31 Dec 2022 to *PD_OB* for maximum temperature.

| 1980-2022 | PD_AM (1 Jan 1980 – 31 Dec 2022) to PD_OB | |
|-----------|---|-------|
| Month | Tmax (°C) | r^2 |
| January | $Y = 1.0112 \cdot X - 0.05$ | 0.980 |
| February | $Y = 1.0090 \cdot X + 0.00$ | 0.986 |
| March | $Y = 1.0272 \cdot X - 0.13$ | 0.987 |
| April | $Y = 1.0377 \cdot X - 0.39$ | 0.983 |
| May | $Y = 1.0265 \cdot X - 0.28$ | 0.986 |
| June | $Y = 1.0090 \cdot X + 0.04$ | 0.984 |
| July | $Y = 1.0055 \cdot X + 0.12$ | 0.980 |
| August | $Y = 1.0022 \cdot X + 0.17$ | 0.982 |
| September | $Y = 1.0163 \cdot X - 0.41$ | 0.986 |
| October | $Y = 1.0055 \cdot X - 0.41$ | 0.987 |
| November | $Y = 0.9946 \cdot X - 0.15$ | 0.983 |
| December | $Y = 0.9986 \cdot X - 0.10$ | 0.977 |

Table S3. Transfer functions from *PD_Idrografico* of the period 1 Jan 1951 – 31 Dec 1977 to *PD_AM* for minimum temperature.

| 1951-1977 | PD_Idrografico (1 Jan 1951 – 31 Dec 1977) to PD_AM | | |
|-----------|--|----------------|--|
| Month | Tmin (°C) | r ² | |
| January | $Y = 0.9943 \cdot X - 0.38$ | 0.983 | |
| February | $Y = 1.0069 \cdot X - 0.44$ | 0.988 | |
| March | $Y = 1.0109 \cdot X - 0.59$ | 0.984 | |
| April | $Y = 1.0119 \cdot X - 0.61$ | 0.971 | |
| May | $Y = 1.0109 \cdot X - 0.62$ | 0.966 | |
| June | $Y = 0.9889 \cdot X - 0.20$ | 0.966 | |
| July | $Y = 0.9969 \cdot X - 0.32$ | 0.957 | |
| August | $Y = 1.0049 \cdot X - 0.45$ | 0.957 | |
| September | $Y = 1.0090 \cdot X - 0.61$ | 0.973 | |
| October | $Y = 1.0175 \cdot X - 0.62$ | 0.982 | |
| November | $Y = 1.0174 \cdot X - 0.42$ | 0.978 | |
| December | $Y = 1.0078 \cdot X - 0.33$ | 0.982 | |

Table S4. Transfer functions from *PD_Idrografico* of the period 1 Jan 1951 – 31 Dec 1977 to *PD_AM* for maximum temperature.

| 1951-1977 | PD_Idrografico (1 Jan 1951 – 31 Dec 1977) to PD_AM | |
|-----------|--|----------------|
| Month | Tmax (°C) | \mathbf{r}^2 |
| January | $Y = 1.0044 \cdot X - 0.17$ | 0.984 |
| February | $Y = 0.9978 \cdot X - 0.15$ | 0.989 |
| March | $Y = 0.9926 \cdot X - 0.18$ | 0.989 |
| April | $Y = 0.9861 \cdot X - 0.10$ | 0.984 |
| May | $Y = 0.9892 \cdot X - 0.25$ | 0.979 |
| June | $Y = 0.9882 \cdot X - 0.07$ | 0.981 |
| July | $Y = 0.9993 \cdot X - 0.59$ | 0.975 |
| August | $Y = 0.9980 \cdot X - 0.29$ | 0.973 |
| September | $Y = 0.9971 \cdot X - 0.18$ | 0.980 |
| October | $Y = 1.0017 \cdot X - 0.02$ | 0.985 |
| November | $Y = 0.9920 \cdot X + 0.00$ | 0.983 |
| December | $Y = 0.9911 \cdot X - 0.09$ | 0.985 |

Table S5. Transfer functions from $PD_Specola$ of the period 1 Jan 1920 – 31 Dec 1955 to $PD_Idrografico$ for minimum temperature.

| 1920-1955 | PD_Specola (1 Jan 1920 – 31 Dec 1955) to PD_Idrografico | |
|-----------|---|----------------|
| Month | Tmin (°C) | r ² |
| January | $Y = 1.0149 \cdot X - 0.81$ | 0.940 |
| February | $Y = 1.0289 \cdot X - 0.88$ | 0.946 |
| March | $Y = 1.0537 \cdot X - 1.09$ | 0.938 |
| April | $Y = 1.0265 \cdot X - 1.14$ | 0.940 |
| May | $Y = 0.9766 \cdot X - 0.59$ | 0.950 |
| June | $Y = 0.9712 \cdot X - 0.59$ | 0.937 |
| July | $Y = 0.9576 \cdot X - 0.43$ | 0.931 |
| August | $Y = 0.9671 \cdot X - 0.59$ | 0.931 |
| September | $Y = 0.9793 \cdot X - 0.78$ | 0.945 |
| October | $Y = 1.0187 \cdot X - 1.27$ | 0.940 |
| November | $Y = 1.0275 \cdot X - 1.04$ | 0.949 |
| December | $Y = 1.0232 \cdot X - 0.73$ | 0.954 |

Table S6. Transfer functions from *PD_Specola* of the period 1 Jan 1920 – 31 Dec 1955 to *PD_Idrografico* for maximum temperature.

| 1920-1955 | PD_Specola (1 Jan 1920 – 31 Dec 1955) to PD_Idrografico | | |
|-----------|---|----------------|--|
| Month | Tmax (°C) | r ² | |
| January | $Y = 1.0398 \cdot X + 0.41$ | 0.945 | |
| February | $Y = 1.0375 \cdot X + 0.78$ | 0.948 | |
| March | $Y = 1.0474 \cdot X + 0.69$ | 0.964 | |
| April | $Y = 1.0219 \cdot X + 0.88$ | 0.969 | |
| May | $Y = 0.9974 \cdot X + 1.11$ | 0.975 | |
| June | $Y = 0.9635 \cdot X + 1.76$ | 0.959 | |
| July | $Y = 0.9900 \cdot X + 1.19$ | 0.960 | |
| August | $Y = 0.9993 \cdot X + 1.25$ | 0.961 | |
| September | $Y = 1.0125 \cdot X + 1.05$ | 0.971 | |
| October | $Y = 1.0361 \cdot X + 0.57$ | 0.955 | |
| November | $Y = 1.0094 \cdot X + 0.67$ | 0.939 | |
| December | $Y = 0.9976 \cdot X + 0.46$ | 0.963 | |

Uncertainties estimation

Over 1725-1773, three types of errors have been considered:

- 1) Observation errors (σ_1). These errors were evaluated in Camuffo and Bertolin 2012 [4]. Sources of error related to time transformation, sampling made at different times, conversion from original temperature units to °C, calibration and drift of the thermometer, building and solar beams influence, were corrected and discussed in previous works [1,5,6,7].
- 2) Propagation errors (σ_2). These errors are related to the transfer functions which homogenize the time series. Winter has the largest errors while summer has the lowest values.
- 3) Reanalysis errors (σ_3). These errors are linked to the uncertainties associated to the ModE-RA reconstructions for the pixel nearest to Padua. Errors in summer are slightly higher than in winter.

The total standard errors (σ) are given by:

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{3} \sigma_i^2}$$

All the uncertainties are reported in Table S7.

Table S7. Daily mean temperature uncertainties.

| Period | | Observation errors | Propagation errors | Reanalysis errors | Total error |
|--------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | 1 enou | G 1 | G 2 | σ 3 | σ |
| | 1725-1739 | 0.6°C | 1.0-1.3°C | 0.1°C | 1.2-1.5°C |
| | 1740-1768 | 0.3°C | 1.0-1.3°C | 0.1°C | 1.1-1.4°C |
| | 1769-1773 | 0.3°C | 1.0-1.3°C | 0.1-0.2°C | 1.1-1.4°C |